



ANNEX C1Bis: Twinning Light Fiche

Project title: Development of the Legislative and Institutional Framework for the Effective Alignment and Implementation of the Acquis in the Area of Fisheries in the Republic of Serbia

Beneficiary administration: Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Management (MAFWM) and the final beneficiaries are **Department for Agricultural Policy/Group of animal husbandry and processing of livestock products** and Division for Veterinary Inspection

Twining Reference: SR 14 IPA AG 03 18 R TWL

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EU funded project

TWINNING INSTRUMENT

Acronyms and Abbreviations

ARD	Agriculture and Rural Development
BC	Beneficiary Country
CEFTA	Central European Free Trade Association
CFCU	Department for Contracting and Financing of EU Funded Program
EC	European Commission
EU	European Union
EUD	European Union Delegation to the Republic of Serbia
GDP	Gross Domestic Product
GVA	Gross Value Added
IPA	Instrument for Pre-Accession Assistance
ISP	Indicative Strategy Paper for Serbia (2014-2020)
IUU	Illegal, Unreported, and Unregulated Fishing
MAFWM	Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Management
MS	Member State
NPAA	National Plan for the Adoption of the <i>Acquis</i>
OECD	Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development
OG	Official Gazette
PL	Project Leader
PSC	Project Steering Committee
RS	Republic of Serbia
SAA	Stabilization and Association Agreement
SEIO	Serbian European Integration Office
SPO	Senior Program Officer
STEs	Short Term Experts
TAIEX	Technical Assistance and Information Exchange
TNA	Training Needs Assessment
ToT	Training of Trainers
WTO	World Trade Organization

1. Basic Information

- 1.1 Program: Financing decision under IPA 2014, 2014/032-078, Indirect management with ex ante control

For British applicants: Please be aware that eligibility criteria must be complied with for the entire duration of the grant. If the United Kingdom withdraws from the EU during the grant period without concluding an agreement with the EU ensuring in particular that British applicants continue to be eligible, you will cease to receive EU funding (while continuing, where possible, to participate) or be required to leave the project on the basis of Article 12.2 of the General Conditions to the grant agreement.

- 1.2 Twinning Number: SR 14 IPA AG 03 18 R TWL
- 1.3 Title: Development of the Legislative and Institutional Framework for the Effective Alignment and Implementation of the Acquis in the Area of Fisheries in the Republic of Serbia.
- 1.4 Sector: Agriculture and Fisheries
- 1.5 Beneficiary country: Republic of Serbia

2. Objectives

2.1 Overall Objective(s):

To effectively conduct accession negotiations of Serbian administration and successfully manage the overall EU integration and pre-accession assistance geared towards EU membership.

2.2 Project purpose:

To strengthen the capacities of MAFWM to develop and implement legislation and reform the institutional framework in the sector of fisheries.

2.3 Contribution to National Development Plan/Cooperation agreement/Association Agreement/Action Plan

Stabilization and Association Agreement (SAA)

The Article 97 of the Stabilization and Association Agreement stipulates that cooperation between the parties shall be developed in all priority areas related to the *Union acquis* in the field of agriculture, as well as veterinary and phytosanitary domains. It is also stated that the special emphasis will be put on the support to gradual approximation of Serbian legislation and practices

to the Community rules and standards.

Agriculture and Rural Development Strategy for 2014 - 2024

The Agriculture and Rural Development Strategy for 2014-2024, adopted in August 2014, in section **3.2.2 Strategic objectives**, among other, foresees the production growth and stability of producer's incomes as one of the strategic development goals. Further the document recognizes the stabilization of farmer's incomes as one of the priority areas of intervention stemming directly from the abovementioned strategic objective. Under this priority a number of relevant operational objectives (**Section 3.2.4. Operational objectives by priority areas**) have been identified:

- Ensuring equal competitive conditions for domestic producers in accordance with certain solutions contained in the external trade agreements of the Republic of Serbia;
- Support for market regulation in times of market disturbance.

The common item relevant for both of the operational objectives is gradual adapting of Serbian fisheries sector with CFP principles and requirements.

With view to the above, the subject Strategy envisages, among other items, the harmonization of legal framework with the EU *acquis* in the field of Fisheries.

The project proposed under this fiche is aimed at supporting the Beneficiary Institutions in achieving the relevant objectives contained in this Strategy, through assistance in the process of legal and administrative harmonization with the EU *acquis* in the field of Fisheries.

EC Progress Report Serbia 2016

In chapter **5.13. Chapter 13: Fisheries** of the EC Progress Report concerning Serbia it is stated that:

“Serbia is moderately prepared in the area of fisheries. Some progress was made through adoption of changes to the law on animal husbandry, establishing the legal base for a national catch certification scheme. In the coming period, Serbia should in particular establish an operational national catch certification scheme and a system for collecting market data. Serbia does not have any structural actions in place for small-scale fisheries or inland fisheries. As regards market policy, the capacity of the administration managing and controlling imports and exports of fisheries products needs to be upgraded and brought into line with the *acquis*. The law on animal husbandry was amended, requiring catch certifications for imports and exports of fishery products”.

National Plan for the Adoption of the *Acquis* (NPAA) 2014 -2018

The Document defines development and strategic goals, relevant policy reforms and measures required for the realization of these goals, establish a detailed plan for harmonization of

legislation and define human and budget resources, as well as other funds required for the implementation of envisaged tasks.

In the section **3.13 Fisheries** it is stated that planned measures of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Management in the field of Fisheries are intended to fulfil the requirements relating to the control of illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing in accordance with the EU requirements. This also facilitates the appearance of Serbian processing industry in the international market. The measures planned for the period 2014-2018 should result in the harmonization of national legislation in the field of fisheries and creating opportunities for effective monitoring of fishery products and contributing to the prevention of illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing globally.

In accordance with the Strategy of development of agricultural statistics in the period 2014-2018, priority of the Statistical Office of the Republic of Serbia in the field of fisheries is to provide quality information related to aquaculture and catches of fish in rivers, lakes and canals. In cooperation with the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Management efforts will be put in improving the estimation of catches of fish in rivers, lakes and canals, as well as in improving the coverage of the pond in the annual statistical survey related to the production of consumable fish and juvenile fish, based on the available records of this Ministry.

According to the NPAA 2014-2018 the following activities are/were planned in the period 2014 - 2018 by MAFWM in the sector of Fisheries:

- 2015 - Adoption of the Law amending the Law on Animal Husbandry - (achieved in 2016)
- 2016 - Develop bylaws in preventing, deterring and eliminating illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing. - (achieved in 2017)
 - Strengthen the administrative capacity (staffing) in the existing organizational structure of the Ministry – (ongoing)
- 2017 - Set up a database (software) for monitoring the data on received and issued certificates under the national catch certification schemes for import and export of fish and fish products – (expected)
- 2018 - Fully established national catch certification schemes for import and export of fish and fish products – (expected)

Statistical Office of the Republic of Serbia plans/has planned the following activities relevant for the sector of Fisheries in the period 2014-2018:

- 2015 - Continue harmonization, improve data quality (coverage) of fisheries statistics - (achieved)
- 2016 - Continue harmonization, improve data quality (coverage) of fisheries statistics - (achieved)
- 2017 - Full harmonization of statistics in the field of fisheries with the EU requirements - (ongoing)

Indicative Strategy Paper for Serbia 2014-2020 (ISP)

Under **Section 8. Agriculture and rural development** of ISP alignment of legislation and the establishment of the necessary administrative and control structures required by the *acquis* are defined as the main challenges.

3. Description

3.1 Background and justification:

a) Background

I) Overall

The agricultural and rural development sector encompasses agricultural production, forestry, fisheries, food safety, animal welfare, and sustainable rural development. The importance of agriculture for the Serbian national economy is high, which is confirmed by available data on the sector's share in GDP, employment and exports.

From the beginning of the 21 century contribution of agriculture to GDP has declined, primarily as a result of faster growth in activity in non-manufacturing sectors (primarily trade). However, the share of agriculture in GVA of the Serbian economy is still very high. Compared to the average in the EU, the Republic of Serbia has a significantly larger share of GVA of the agricultural sector in total GVA. Agricultural production plays a key role in the economy with 10% of GDP in comparison to less than 3% in the EU.

The high share of agriculture in the basic macroeconomic indicators of the Republic of Serbia in relation to other countries, can be attributed on one side to the rich natural resources and favorable climatic conditions for agricultural production, and on the other side to the slower process of structural reform of the rest of the economy and delays occurring in this process.

Although absolute pronounced employment in agriculture recorded a high rate of decrease, the share of agriculture in total employment in Serbia is still very high, among the highest in Europe, and is over 20%. This can be explained by the high proportion of employees in seasonal and temporary jobs in agriculture, which during the crisis is very sensitive to fluctuations in the labor market.

According to OECD definition of rural areas in Serbia it accounts for 75.1% of the country's territory, encompassing about half of the total population (49.9%).

Agri-food products have an important role in the foreign trade of the Republic of Serbia, particularly in exports. Their share in total exports has settled in recent years at about 23%. The share of agri-food products in total imports is growing, and in recent years starts at around 8%.

II) Fisheries

Republic of Serbia is a land-locked country and has neither any marine fisheries activities nor any fishing vessels operating at sea under Serbian flag. Aquaculture and fresh water fisheries provide employment for 1690 persons and contribute 0.1 % to the national gross value added. As regards aquaculture, the most important types of fish are carp and trout. The number of professional fishermen was 389 while 78298 permits were issued for recreational fishing. Very simply equipped boats with an average length of four meters are used.

Serbia has a continuous deficit in its trade in fish and fishery products. Of the total export the majority of goods go to Central European Free Trade Agreement (CEFTA) while the rest goes to the EU member states. Detailed export and Import data will be presented to MS Twinning Light Partners by the BC administration upon request.

The Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Management is responsible for fisheries. The work with fisheries is integrated into various specialized departments of the ministry. There is no department in the ministry dedicated specifically to fisheries.

The main legal instrument regulating fisheries is the Law on Protection and Sustainable Use of the Fish Stocks. Important are also the Law on Animal Husbandry, the Law on Veterinary Matters, the Law on Food Safety and the Law on Subsidies in Agriculture and Rural Development. Organic production in aquaculture is covered by the Law on Organic Production and the Rulebook on the control and certification in organic production and organic production methods.

A number of strategies are relevant for fisheries sector:

- National strategy for the sustainable use of natural resources and goods;
- National sustainable development agency;
- Biodiversity strategy of the Republic of Serbia 2011 – 2018;
- Strategy of agriculture and rural development, 2014 – 2024 (which also lays out a strategic framework for aquaculture).

By the Rulebook on the international catch certificate and the list of fisheries products that do not require international catch certificates ("Off. Gazette of RS", No. 10/17 and 52/17) harmonization of the legislative framework has started in the field of inspection and control. Its implementation and further alignment with the requirements regarding the control of illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing shall continue the harmonization process of legislation in this area. Serbia only imports fish or fishery products from EU approved establishments.

Structural actions in relation to aquaculture and fish processing are being addressed on the basis of the Law on Agriculture and Rural Development and the Law on Subsidies in Agriculture and Rural Development. In aquaculture subsidies are granted for investments in new equipment for fish farms as well as for fish processing. Preparations have started to set up the structures that will be necessary for participating in the European Maritime and Fisheries Fund (EMFF).

Currently Serbia does not have a law regulating the market for fishery and aquaculture products.

Marketing standards are laid down in the Rulebook on the quality and other requirements for fish, crustaceans, mollusks, sea urchins, sea cucumber, frogs, turtles, snails and their products. It defines the quality and other requirements for fish production and trade. Fish are marketed by origin and type. Serbia does not have producer organizations in the fisheries and aquaculture fields.

Serbia has no bilateral fisheries agreements with third countries, and is not a party to any international fisheries agreement regulating the number of vessels or the scope of fishing.

Serbia is member of the Regional Strategy for conservation and sustainable management of sturgeon population in the North West Black Sea and Lower Danube River in accordance with CITES (Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora).

Serbia is a party to the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea since 2001. Serbia declared its intention, before its accession to the EU, to ratify and be a party of the United Nations Fish Stocks Agreement, the 1993 Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) compliance agreement and the 2009 FAO Port State Agreement.

As Serbia does not have access to the sea and does not have any maritime fisheries activities, substantial parts of the acquis within chapter 13 “Fisheries” will not require particular implementation efforts. Certain measures will however need to be implemented to ensure the correct application of the acquis.

As Serbia’s fisheries are restricted to freshwater fisheries and aquaculture, no particular measures are required for the implementation of the acquis for resources and fleet management. Serbia will need to prepare an eel management plan or demonstrate that there are no significant eel habitats in its territory so as to be exempt from the relevant obligation of Regulation 1100/2007 establishing measures for the recovery of European eel.

Before accession, Serbia will need to implement measures to prevent import or sale of fish or fish products from illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing.

The existing structural measures will form a basis for Serbia’s participation in the EMFF. It is planned that management and control structures for this purpose will be set up within relevant departments of MAFWM. A prerequisite for participation will be the preparation of a strategic document and an operational program as well as the appointment of authorities for managing, certifying and auditing. As regards aquaculture, participation in the EMFF requires multiannual national strategic plans on the basis of Union strategic guidelines.

Existing rules for marketing and labelling of fish and fishery products are only partially aligned with EU requirements. Substantial amendments will be necessary before accession to ensure full alignment. EC Screening Report on Chapter 13 also recommends the establishment of the producer organizations in the sector, although that is not a requirement in the accession process.

b) Justification

When it comes to EU integrations the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Management is involved in negotiations for the Chapters 11, 12, 13 and 27. Legislative (explanatory and

bilateral) screening for all negotiating chapters concerning agriculture – Chapter 11, Chapter 12 and Chapter 13 are completed.

This Twinning Contract is relevant for Chapter 13.

MAFWM received the Screening Report for Chapter 13 on 22nd of May 2015 from EC. In the subject Report it was stated that Republic of Serbia can be considered sufficiently prepared for negotiations on this chapter, and corresponding recommendation has been made. Republic of Serbia has been invited to submit the Negotiation Position on Chapter 13.

Serbia being a land-locked country has neither marine fisheries activity nor fishing vessels operating at sea under the Serbian flag, therefore substantial parts of the acquis within Chapter 13 Fisheries will not require particular implementation efforts. Certain measures will however need to be implemented to ensure the correct application of the acquis. One of most important measure is to establish overall control of fish and fishery products imported to the Republic of Serbia, and the necessary administrative capacity needs to be in place upon accession, which will create functional system fully aligned with EU requirements.

The acquis in the Chapter 13 - Fisheries consists of regulations, which do not require transposition into national legislation, but it requires the introduction of measures to prepare the administration and the operators for the implementation of the Common Fisheries Policy (CFP) rules. Certain measures will however need to be implemented and national legislation adapted to ensure the correct application of the acquis.

Before accession, Republic of Serbia will need to implement measures to prevent import or sale of fish or fishery products from illegal, unreported and unregulated (IUU) fishing and to establish national catch certification scheme in order to fulfil their obligations in the EU accession process. Serbia also need to engage in preventing IUU fishing, regarding the fact that Serbia doesn't have access to sea, but has the processing capacity, and through the development of catch certification scheme Serbia will be involved in the fight against IUU fishing activities. 12 processing facilities are on the list for export of fishery products to the EU, and therefore it is very important to fulfil EU requirement on prevention of import or sale of fish or fishery products from (IUU) fishing and to establish national catch certification scheme in order to enable and facilitate fishery product trade.

Marketing standards for fishery products are laid down in the Rulebook on the quality and other requirements for fish, crustaceans, molluscs, sea urchins, sea cucumbers, frogs, turtles, snails and their products (OG FRY No 6/03). It defines the quality and other requirement for fish in production and trade. Fish are marketed by origin and type. Labelling of fish is covered by the Rulebook on labelling, marking and advertising foodstuffs. The production method and the date for minimum durability must be indicated. Existing national rules for marketing and labelling of fish and fishery products are only partially aligned with EU requirements.

Marketing standards should be defined in line with requirements set in Council Regulation (EC) No 2406/96 of 26 November 1996 laying down common marketing standards for certain fishery products. The main purpose of the common marketing standards for fishery products is to improve products quality and thus make market functioning easier to the benefit of both producers and consumers. Unprocessed fishery products are marketed fresh or chilled and their quality is determined by their freshness, assessed on the basis of objective criteria by

organoleptic examination. Implementation of marketing standards including other measures, will lead to better market organisation and implementation of EU rules in fishery products market. In order to ensure full alignment with EU legislation it is necessary to adopt substantial amendments to the existing legislative framework in the field of fishery.

Marketing standards related to the fishery products should be determined based on the category of size and freshness. It is important to make inspectors familiar with the rules related to those standards. Those standards should be applied on products imported from third countries also.

Following substantial amendments are needed for full alignment with the acquis:

- Set up a system for implementing labelling and consumer information standards (in addition to the EU Food Law requirements).

- Establish a list of commercial designations and scientific names of relevant fish species.

- Revise current national legislation on freshness and size categories of fish.

The Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Management is responsible for the Chapter 13 - Fisheries in accordance with the Law on Ministries where fisheries is included among the ministry's responsibility areas.

There is no department in the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Management dedicated specifically only to fisheries. Group of animal husbandry and processing of livestock products among preforms task related to fisheries. The necessary administrative capacity needs to be strengthened and be in place upon accession and the training of the staff members needs to be ensured.

Objectives of this project are to established framework for national catch certification scheme that will enable development of System for control and prevention of illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and subsequently lead to IUU prevention. Further objectives of this project involves introduction of fishery products marketing standards on Serbian market that are fully aligned with EU practice. Representatives from competent authorities and stakeholders from food industry will be informed and trained about national catch certification scheme and fishery product marketing standards through various workshops.

Proposed project should prepare the fisheries sector of the Republic of Serbia for future EU accession. Firstly, it should provide overview of national legislation in the field of catch certification and to propose update of legislation and future steps in development of illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing prevention and control, which will be accomplished by developing the Assessment Sector Study and Strategy for the Improvement of National Catch Certification Scheme. Further it will develop Training Needs Assessment document for the inspectors and stakeholders (processors/traders) that will participate in the national catch certification scheme and comprehensive training plan for the inspectors and stakeholders covering all topics relevant for their future tasks within the IUU prevent and control system. The importance and benefits of the establishment of national catch certification scheme as well as the Assessment study and the Strategy will be explained to the stakeholders and representatives from relevant authorities through trainings and workshops.

When it comes to marketing standards, project aims to improve market conditions regarding standards related to the fishery products through comparison of national legislation with common marketing standards related to freshness and size categories for fishery products, drafting of the Rulebook on marketing standards of fishery products, developing of the Study on the

implementation of marketing standards as well as through developing of the Strategy for the implementation of the Rulebook on marketing standards of fishery products. At least one on the spot training will introduce improved marketing standards of fish and fishery product to the relevant inspection services and processors/traders.

3.2 Linked activities:

This project will be the first IPA project related to the issues in the field of Fisheries. Nevertheless the following assistance was provided to the competent authorities in the previous period in the area of Fisheries as part of larger support programs:

- 1) Workshop on Catch certification AGR 52460 – TAIEX assistance
- 2) Expert mission on national catch certification scheme (fishery) 25-29 May 2015 AGR IND/EXP 57838 – TAIEX assistance
- 3) TAIEX Study Visit on the Development of the National Catch Certification Scheme AGR IND/STUD 60181 – TAIEX assistance
- 4) Policy and Legal Advice Centre (PLAC II) - Serbia
“Assistance for improvements in the current system of control of fishery products”

Result 1 - Enhanced compatibility of national legislation with EU legislation and its effective implementation;

Result 2 - Enhanced capacities of the relevant national structures for successful carrying out of accession negotiations.

- 5) FAO Workshop on Market Access and CDS for capture fisheries products (presentation of Global trends and market access issues, including measures on catch documentation to combat IUU fishing as well as presentation of Rulebook on International Catch Certificate and the List of Fishery Products that do not require International Catch Certificates (Published in the "Official Gazette of RS", No. 10/17 of February 14 2017).

3.3 Results:

For all proposed Results and Indicators the MS will in its offer, present detailed list of indicators and milestones towards achieving the required outputs of the Project.

Result 1: Established base for national catch certification scheme in accordance with EU requirements

Indicators for Result 1:

- 1.1 Study of the situation in the sector of Fisheries developed;

- 1.2 Strategy for the improvement of national catch certification scheme reporting system developed;
- 1.3 Training Needs Assessment document for relevant Veterinary Border inspectors and Veterinary inspectors of MAFWM and relevant stakeholders that will take part in the national catch certification developed;
- 1.4. Study visit for at least 10 persons from MAFWM to a MS country port/harbor town where high volume of catch certification is being conducted, with view to obtaining first hand insight into operational certification scheme and knowledge of the best practice;
- 1.5 Training plan for relevant Veterinary Border inspectors and Veterinary inspectors of MAFWM and relevant staff of stakeholders developed on the basis of TNA (1.3).

Result 2: System for control and prevention of IUU introduced

Indicators for Result 2:

- 2.1 At least 1 two day workshop, for at least 40 persons (8 Veterinary Border inspectors and 17 Veterinary inspectors of MAFWM¹, 11 staff of relevant stakeholders, 4 staff from competent MAFWM departments) explaining the basic principles of national catch certification scheme conducted;
- 2.2 At least 1 one day workshop, for at least 15 persons (8 representatives of relevant stakeholders, 7 staff from competent MAFWM departments²) on the subject of the Strategy for the establishment of national catch certification scheme (1.2) conducted.

Result 3: Introduced fishery products marketing standards

Indicators for Result 3:

- 3.1 Study on implementation of marketing standards developed and approved by the Beneficiary;
- 3.2 Rulebook on fishery products marketing standards drafted and approved by the Beneficiary;
- 3.3 Strategy on implementation of the Rulebook on fishery products marketing standards developed and approved by the Beneficiary;

¹ Division for Veterinary Inspection and Department of Veterinary Sanitary control on the Border are two separate subunits within the Veterinary Directorate of MAFWM.

² Group of animal husbandry and processing of livestock products and other relevant (to be agreed between the TW partners).

- 3.4 At least 1 one day workshop, for at least 50 persons (8 Veterinary Border inspectors and 12 Veterinary inspectors of MAFWM³, 27 staff of relevant stakeholders, 3 staff from competent MAFWM departments) on the subject of marketing standards, Study (3.1) and Strategy (3.3) conducted.
- 3.5 Study visit for at least 10 persons from MAFWM to a Mediterranean MS country with view to obtaining relevant up to date knowledge regarding the implementation of marketing standards.

Result 4: Strengthened control of fishery products on the market

Indicators for Result 4:

- 4.1 TNA for Veterinary Border inspectors and Veterinary inspectors of MAFWM and relevant stakeholders with view to the implementation of the new Rulebook (3.2);
- 4.2 Training plan for the Veterinary Border inspectors and Veterinary inspectors of MAFWM and relevant stakeholders related to their respective roles in the future control system;
- 4.3 At least 1 one day workshop, for at least 40 persons (8 Veterinary Border inspectors and 17 Veterinary inspectors of MAFWM, 18 staff of relevant stakeholders, 2 staff from competent MAFWM departments⁴) on the subject of control methods conducted.

3.4 Indicative Sub-results:

Sub-results related to result 1:

- 1.1 To develop the Assessment Study on the situation in sector of Fisheries;
- 1.2 To develop the Strategy for the improvement of national catch certification scheme reporting system;
- 1.3 To develop Training Needs Assessment document for Veterinary Border inspectors and Veterinary inspectors of MAFWM and relevant stakeholders that will take part in the national catch certification;
- 1.4 To conduct a study visit for at least 10 persons from MAFWM to a MS country port/harbour town where high volume of catch certification is being conducted, with view

³ Same as in Footnote 1.

⁴ Group of animal husbandry and processing of livestock products.

to obtaining first hand insight into operational certification scheme and knowledge of the best practice;

- 1.5 To prepare a training plan for relevant Veterinary Border inspectors and Veterinary inspectors of MAFWM and relevant staff of stakeholders on the basis of TNA (Activity 1.3).

Sub-results related to result 2:

- 2.1 To conduct at least 1 two day workshop, for at least 40 persons (8 Veterinary Border inspectors and 17 Veterinary inspectors of MAFWM, 11 staff of relevant stakeholders, 4 staff from competent MAFWM departments) explaining the basic principles of national catch certification scheme;

Working language of the workshop will be Serbian, so appropriate arrangements concerning translation have to be made.

- 2.2 To conduct at least 1 one day workshop, for at least 15 persons (8 representatives of relevant stakeholders, 7 staff from competent MAFWM departments) on the subject of the Strategy for the establishment of national catch certification scheme (Activity 1.2).

Working language of the workshop will be Serbian, so appropriate arrangements concerning translation have to be made.

Sub-results related to result 3:

- 3.1 To develop the Study on implementation of marketing standards;
- 3.2 To draft the Rulebook on fishery products marketing standards;
- 3.3 To develop the Strategy on implementation of the Rulebook on fishery products marketing standards;
- 3.4 To conduct at least 1 one day workshop, for at least 50 persons (8 Veterinary Border inspectors and 12 Veterinary inspectors of MAFWM , 27 staff of relevant stakeholders, 3 staff from competent MAFWM departments) on the subject of marketing standards, Study (Activity 3.1) and Strategy (Activity 3.3).
- 3.5 To conduct a study visit for at least 10 persons from MAFWM to a Mediterranean MS country with view to obtaining relevant up to date knowledge regarding the implementation of marketing standards.

Sub-results related to result 4:

- 4.1 To develop TNA for Veterinary inspectors and relevant stakeholders with view to the implementation of the new Rulebook (Activity 3.2);
- 4.2 To develop the Training plan for Veterinary Border inspectors and Veterinary inspectors of MAFWM and relevant stakeholders related to their respective roles in the future control system;
- 4.3 To conduct at least 1 one day workshop, for at least 40 persons (8 Veterinary Border inspectors and 17 Veterinary inspectors of MAFWM, 18 staff of relevant stakeholders, 2 staff from competent MAFWM departments) on the subject of control methods.

At least two major visibility events will be organized in the course of the implementation of the project: Kick-off meeting at the start of the implementation process and the Final meeting at the end of project implementation activities.

3.5 Means/ Input from the MS Partner Administration:

The MS twinning light partner shall make available a team of experts suitably qualified to carry out all activities envisaged under this contract and deliver the mandatory results herein described. The team will comprise nonresident project leader and a team of short term experts.

3.5.1 Profile and tasks of the Project Leader

The MS PL will manage the project team of selected member state(s) experts and supervise and co-ordinate the implementation of project activities.

PL tasks:

- Overall management and coordination of the project with MS, MAFWM, Sector for Agricultural Policy, key institutions, other partners and stakeholders;
- Project reporting;
- Ensuring backstopping and financial management of the project in the MS;
- Ensuring timely, effective and efficient implementation of the project and achievement of results, through proposed activities;
- Coordination of deployment of short-term experts;
- Coordination, from the MS side, of the Project Steering Committee meetings;
- Participation at the Steering Committee meetings;
- Assuring compatibility with EU requirements.

PL profile:

Requirements:

- University degree or equivalent experience in a related field of minimum 8 years;
- The Member State Project Leader (PL) is expected to be an official or assimilated agent

with a sufficient rank to ensure an operational dialogue at political level.;

- Experience in managing development assistance projects;
- At least 3 years of professional experience in EU MS administration/assimilated body in the field of agriculture and/or Fishery.

Assets:

- Professional experience in the field of Fisheries.

3.5.2 Profile and tasks of the short-term experts

There should be a pool of STEs to ensure smooth implementation of the project during the overall implementation period. STEs should be identified by the Project Leader and have to be agreed with the beneficiary administration in the course of designing and delivery of the project. Team of short-term experts should be mobilized according to agreed work plan. Detailed profiles and tasks of short-term experts will be provided by the MS candidates in their offers.

STEs tasks:

STEs will provide specialized know-how for the individual tasks in this project. Therefore, the pool of experts should have a relevant professional experience in MS administration and minimum qualifications required, as well as specific skills needed for individual task. As a general approach, the STEs will take the responsibility for the implementation of the project and the achievement of the results (each for his/her individual mission tasks&) and prepare the required reports. They shall provide long-standing experience in all fields relevant for the project. Detailed profiles and tasks of short term experts, including the duration of their assignments will be provided by the MS candidates in their offers.

Minimum indicative requirements for STEs are:

STE:

- University degree or equivalent experience in a related field of minimum 8 years;
- At least 3 years of professional working experience in Member State public administration or mandated body covering, at least one of the following areas of expertise: national catch certification scheme, marketing standards, legal harmonization, policy development, sector studies and strategy development, training of civil servants/assimilated agents;
- Proven contractual relation to public administration or mandated body, as defined under twinning manual section 5.4.5;

The aforementioned roles and tasks of the PL and STEs will be further detailed and refined by the agreed Twinning light Work Plan.

4. Institutional Framework

The project beneficiary institution is the **Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Management (MAFWM)** and the final beneficiaries are **Department for Agricultural Policy/Group of animal husbandry and processing of livestock products** and Division for Veterinary Inspection.

Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Management

Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Management performs state administration tasks related to: agriculture and food industry strategy and development policy; analysis of production and agricultural product markets; balances for agri-food products and commodity reserve system of basic agri-food products; measures of market and price policies, structural policy and land policy in agriculture; investment measures for improving agricultural production; proposal of systematic solutions and protective measures in respect of imports of agricultural products and foodstuffs; protection and use of agricultural land; production of agricultural inputs for agriculture and food industry, production and trade of alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages, ethanol, tobacco and tobacco products as well as foodstuffs; quality control of agricultural products and foodstuffs, wine, alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages, fruit juices and concentrated fruit juices, mineral water, ethanol, tobacco and tobacco products in domestic and international trade; rural development; agricultural cooperatives; extension services; market information system in agriculture; production, certification and quality and transport control of seed and planting material; acceptance and protection of plant varieties and domestic animal breeds; determination of eligibility, risk assessment and implementation of control measures related to bio-safety in respect of limited use; introduction into production, marketing and import of genetically modified organisms; conservation and sustainable use of plant and animal genetic resources for food and agriculture; creating conditions for access and implementation of projects within the competence of the Ministry funded by the EU IPA funds, donations and other forms of development assistance; inspection in the field of agriculture, as well as other tasks prescribed by law.

Department for Agricultural Policy

The Sector for Agricultural Policy within MAFWM performs tasks and duties related to: monitoring of domestic and global production, consumption, processing, prices and trade of primary agricultural products, fishery products and related processed products; preparation of expertise basis for drafting regulations in the area of agricultural policy and their harmonization with the EU rules, principles and agreements of WTO and other standards laid down by international organizations and international agreements; preparation of balance for basic agricultural products; participation in the process of preparation of strategic documents in the area of plant and animal production, processing, agricultural products quality, and agricultural

statistics; analyses of the situation and preparing projections for development of food industry; development of program proposals for the use and the disbursement of funds from agricultural budget; proposing measures of agricultural policy and follow up and analyses of the achieved effects; monitoring and analyses of customs policy in the area of agri-food products and proposing measures for improving of foreign trade in Serbian agricultural and food products; participation in the preparation of information and platforms for negotiations and bilateral cooperation with the EU and international organizations; performs other activities in the relevant area.

Sector for Agricultural Policy encompasses the following internal units:

- Department of Plant Production and processing of plant products
- Department for analytics and statistics
- Group for the quality and food labeling
- Group of animal husbandry and processing of livestock products
- Group of Viticulture and Enology

Group of animal husbandry and processing of livestock products

Group of animal husbandry and processing of livestock products performs tasks and duties related to: monitoring of domestic and global production, consumption, processing, prices and trade of primary agricultural products of animal origin; preparation of production and consumption balance for the most important products of livestock production and follow up and analyses of the effects achieved by measures in the area of livestock production; management of register of producers and food processors; analyses of the situation and preparing projections for development of animal husbandry; participation in preparation of expertise basis for drafting regulations in the area of animal husbandry, fisheries, beekeeping, food industry, feed production, primary livestock production and processing, and their harmonization with the EU *acquis*, and principles and requirements of relevant international organizations and international agreements; implementation of policy aimed at improving the quality of livestock products and animal feed; preparation of proposals for long-term, medium-term and yearly development policies in the field of livestock production and processing industry; participation in the preparation of international agreements in the area of livestock production and processing industry; and performs other tasks.

Division for Veterinary Inspection

Department for Veterinary Inspection performs tasks and duties related to: veterinary and sanitary control which are implemented through supervision, inspection, monitoring, sampling and ensuring the proper implementation of laws and by-laws concerning animal health, animal welfare, animal reproduction, food safety and quality, products of animal origin and animal by-products, animal feed, veterinary medicines, veterinary and sanitary control and control of conditions in the establishments for raising and keeping of animals, production and trade of food of animal origin, feed and performing inspection over the said products etc.

Department of Veterinary Sanitary control on the Border

The Department performs veterinary sanitary control through monitoring and inspection of the implementation of the law and other legislative acts related to: import, export and transport of animals, food, animal byproducts, reproductive material, medicinal agents for veterinary use, diagnostics agents and other items which could potentially transmit infectious animal diseases across the state border; control of health safety and quality of products, food and animal byproducts as well as the control of the transport conditions for animals, food products and animal byproducts; other tasks and duties relevant for the respective field of competency.

Department for International Cooperation

Sector for International Cooperation of MAWFM represents an internal organizational unit which is, among others, in charge of steering and overall coordination of the accession negotiations process in the chapters for which the MAWFM bears responsibility. The Sector will be the principal beneficiary of the service contract, intended under this Terms of Reference, and will in this respect coordinate with other organizational units within the Ministry.

The Sector performs state administration tasks related to: monitoring, analyzing, and management of obligations which stem from the process of accession to the EU, WTO and other international organizations, membership in the EU, WTO and other international organizations as well as obligations undertaken through conclusion of international agreements, protocols and initiatives in the area of agriculture and environmental protection; participation in the process of drafting and harmonizing laws and other regulations with the EU acquis, rules, principles and agreements of WTO as well as with standards of international organizations in the area of agriculture and environmental protection; preparation of information and platforms with relation to negotiations with EU, WTO, international organizations, as well as with other countries and regions; coordination of activities regarding to identification and definition of needs for the international assistance, presentation of the needs and ensuring the assistance required; programing and coordinating projects financed from development assistance and donations, EU funds as well as bilateral and multilateral sources of funding, etc.

Unit for European Integration and International Multilateral Cooperation in the field of food safety, veterinary and phytosanitary area and fisheries

Unit performs tasks related to: monitoring, analysis and development of the basis for accession negotiations and accession of the EU in the field of food safety, veterinary and fisheries issues and fisheries and monitoring the implementation of the Stabilization and Association Agreement; monitoring, analysis and development of the basis for negotiations for accession to the WTO and during the implementation of the accepted agreements after accession of the WTO in the field of food safety, veterinary and financial matters and fisheries; analysis and development of the basis for accession negotiations and for cooperation with relevant international organizations within the scope of the Ministry, etc.

Project Steering Committee (PSC)

The Project Steering Committee will be established for the direct control and supervision of the project implementation. The PSC will be responsible for the overall quality of project

implementation, providing strategic direction and ensure that the project outputs and goals are met in time, prior approval of work plans and reports, offering guidance and advice on project activities.

The exact composition of the Steering Committee will be defined in the Twinning light contract. However, the PSC will encompass following members: BC Project Leader, MS Project Leader, SPO, representatives of the Ministry of Finance Department for Contracting and Financing of EU Funded Programs (CFCU), representatives of the MAFWM/IPA Unit, representatives of the Serbian European Integration Office (SEIO) and the representatives of other key institutions involved in the project. Representatives of the EUD will be invited as observer(s). Whenever necessary, representatives of other institutions or key experts should be invited to join the Steering Committee Meetings as observers.

The role and main functions of the Project Steering Committee will be:

- to assess progress in achievement of objectives and results planned in the project
- to ensure exchange of information on implementation of contracts
- to ensure synchronization of activities within contracts
- to ensure cooperation of relevant stakeholders
- to discuss any critical points, risks or bottlenecks in contract implementation
- to propose and discuss remedies in case of problems
- to review and make recommendations on reports
- to closely coordinate with other EU projects related to this field and with other relevant donors projects to promote synergies and integration

Project will ensure the secretariat function of the Project Steering Committee, including organization of meetings, preparing and circulating the agenda, writing and distributing PSC minutes to all members. PSC meetings should be announced at least two weeks before the actual date and any materials should be distributed two weeks before the meetings to the PSC members. The PSC will be chaired by the BC Project Leader.

The following Steering Committee meetings shall be held during the project implementation:

- Steering Committee meeting during the 3rd month of implementation, to discuss the Start-up report
- Final Steering Committee meeting at the latest during the last month before the end of the legal duration, to discuss the Final Report.

Beside the above mentioned, ad-hoc PSC meetings shall be held if required.

5. Budget

The total budget for this Twinning project is EUR 243,629.00

Development of the Legislative and Institutional Framework for the Effective Alignment and Implementation of the Acquis in the Area of Fishery in the Republic of Serbia.	IPA Contribution	TOTAL
Twinning light contract	EUR 243,629.00	EUR 243,629.00

Interpretation and translation costs for development and printing of promotional materials, brochures, guidelines, leaflets, documentation, legal acts, reports, are estimated up to 6 % of the budget which will be calculated in the twinning working plan budget. MAFWM will provide the Twinning light partner with adequate office space for experts, meeting rooms and equipment necessary for relevant activities foreseen in the Twinning light fiche.

Provisions for visibility costs and expenditure verification costs must be included in the budget.

6. Implementation Arrangements

6.1 Implementing Agency responsible for tendering, contracting and accounting (AO/CFCU/PAO/ Commission)

Ministry of Finance

Department for Contracting and Financing of EU Funded programs (CFCU)

Sremska St, No. 3-5

11000 Belgrade, Serbia

Mr. Marko Jovanović, Head of CA

Phone: +381 11 20 21 -115

E-mail: marko.jovanovic@mfin.gov.rs

Mr. Darko Vasić, Twinning National Contact Point

Phone: +381 11 2021 412

E-mail: twinning@mfin.gov.rs

6.2 Main counterpart in the BC

Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Management

Nemanjina St 22-26, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia

Senior Programme Officer (SPO)

Ms. Daria Janjić Nišavić, Assistant Minister for International Cooperation

Phone: +381 (0) 11 362 0863

E-mail: daria.janjic@minpolj.gov.rs

BC Project Leader:

PhD Mr. Nenad Katanic, Assistant Minister for Agricultural Policy
Ministry for Agriculture, Forestry and Water Management
Phone: +381 11 3616-278
E-mail: nenad.katanic@minpolj.gov.rs

BC counterpart:

Mr. Mirko Novakovic, Group of animal husbandry and processing of livestock products
Phone: +381 11 3616-367
E-mail: mirko.novakovic@minpolj.gov.rs

The BC Project Leader will manage a project team at the Serbian side and will assure that the decision makers at the national level will be informed properly on the implementation of the project. He will ensure close co-operation and overall steering and coordination of the project. He will also be responsible for drafting reports and other documents, related to project management at the Serbian side and will chair PSC meetings.

6.3 Contracts

The project will be implemented through one Twinning light contract.

6.4 Language

The working language is English.

7. Implementation Schedule (indicative)

7.1 Launching of the call for proposals: October 2018

7.2 Start of project activities: January 2019

7.3 Project completion: November 2019

7.4 Duration of the execution period: 8 + 3 months

8. Sustainability

The achievements of Twinning light project (mandatory results) shall be maintained as a permanent asset to the beneficiary even after the completion of the project implementation.

The results achieved by this project will form a basis of a firm fully operational and legally regulated system for national catch certification that will continue to be improved by the

Beneficiary and updated with new elements based on the experience gathered in the process of its implementation. When it comes to marketing standards for fishery products, the relevant Rulebook, that will represent the key pillar of projects activities in that area, is envisaged as a permanent solution when it comes to regulating that field and will be strictly implemented with possible improvements based on the new needs and realities that might occur over time. Finally envisaged trainings and workshops will increase the knowledge of the beneficiary and relevant stakeholders and enable them to enforce/respect the rules applicable to the Fisheries sector. The knowledge acquired through these trainings will be further transferred to other employees throughout the respective organizational structure of the Beneficiary and relevant stakeholders.

By and large it could be concluded that all of the results of the project will be of permanent value to the beneficiary.

9. Crosscutting issues

Equal Opportunity

Equal opportunity principles and practices in ensuring equitable gender participation in the project and information will be provided in the regular reports of the Twinning light Partner regarding gender participation rates in the different events, workshops and seminars.

Based on the fundamental principles of promoting equality and combating discrimination, participation in the project will be guaranteed on the basis of equal access, regardless of sex, racial or ethnic origin, religion or belief, disability, age or sexual orientation.

Minorities and vulnerable groups

There are no specific actions which are designed for minority and vulnerable groups. However, the implementation of project activities will bring about positive consequences for all citizens, while envisaged awareness rising component will be aimed at all relevant persons regardless of the group they belong to.

10. Conditionality and sequencing

There are no special conditions that need to be met in order for the project implementation to commence.

The MS TwL Partner will propose the most effective possible sequence of activities (to their best knowledge and experience) while taking into account the following constraints:

- Activities under Result 2 cannot be implemented prior to the completion of the Strategy for the improvement of national certification scheme reporting system (Activity 1.2);
- Activities under Result 4 cannot be implemented prior to completion of the Rulebook on fishery products marketing standards (Activity 3.2).

ANNEXES TO PROJECT FICHE

Annex 1 Logical framework matrix in standard format

Annex 2 Legal Framework

ANNEX I: Logframe in Standard Format			
LOGFRAME PLANNING MATRIX FOR Project Fiche		Programme name and number: IPA 2014 Unallocated envelope	
Development of the Legislative and Institutional Framework for the Effective Alignment and Implementation of the Acquis in the Area of Fishery in the Republic of Serbia.			Disbursement period expires 6 years after the signing of the Financial Agreement
		Total budget: 243.629 EUR	IPA budget: 243.629 EUR National budget: 0 EUR
Overall objective	Objectively verifiable indicators		Sources of Verification
Serbian administration effectively conducts accession negotiations and successfully manages overall EU integrations and pre-accession assistance geared towards EU membership.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Achievements in closing negotiation chapters • Progress made on <i>acquis</i> and economic criteria 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EC Progress Reports • Government reports • Negotiating team reports
Project purpose	OBJECTIVELY VERIFIABLE INDICATORS	SOURCES OF VERIFICATION	ASSUMPTIONS
To strengthen the capacities of MAFWM to develop and implement legislation and reform the institutional framework in the sector of fisheries.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Relevant Legal Framework in place • Negotiating position regarding Chapter 13 submitted to EC 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NPAA Reports • MS PL Final Project Report • Negotiating team reports 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Government is committed to the EU integration process; • Stakeholders interested to actively participate; • Sufficient commitment of BC administration.
Results	Objectively verifiable indicators	Sources of Verification	Assumptions

<p><u>Result 1</u> Established base for national catch certification scheme in accordance with EU requirements</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Study of the situation in the sector of Fisheries developed; • Strategy for the improvement of national catch certification scheme reporting system developed; • Training Needs Assessment document for relevant Veterinary Border inspectors and Veterinary inspectors of MAFWM and relevant stakeholders that will take part in the national catch certification developed; • Study visit for at least 10 persons from MAFWM to a MS country port/harbor town where high volume of catch certification is being conducted, with view to obtaining first hand insight into operational certification scheme and knowledge of the best practice; • Training plan for relevant Veterinary Border inspectors and Veterinary inspectors of MAFWM and relevant staff of stakeholders developed on the basis of TNA (1.3). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MS PL Final Project Report • Draft Study published on MAFWM's official website • Draft Strategy published on MAFWM's official website • Official MAFWM letter requesting opinions from other relevant institutions (signaling the initiation of the process of Strategy adoption) • Flight tickets • PSC meeting minutes 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stakeholders interested to actively participate; • Sufficient commitment of BC administration.
<p><u>Result 2</u> System for control</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • At least 1 two day workshop, for at least 40 persons (8 Veterinary 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Workshop evaluation reports 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stakeholders interested to actively participate; • Sufficient commitment of BC administration.

<p>and prevention of IUU presented</p>	<p>Border inspectors and 17 Veterinary inspectors of MAFWM, 11 staff of relevant stakeholders, 4 staff from competent MAFWM departments) explaining the basic principles of national catch certification scheme conducted;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • At least 1 one day workshop, for at least 15 persons (8 representatives of relevant stakeholders, 7 staff from competent MAFWM departments) on the subject of the Strategy for the establishment of national catch certification scheme (1.2) conducted. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Workshop attendance sheet • MS PL Final Project Report including workshop reports 	
<p><u>Result 3</u> <u>Introduced fishery products marketing standards</u></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Study on implementation of marketing standards developed and approved by the Beneficiary; • Rulebook on fishery products marketing standards drafted and approved by the Beneficiary; • Strategy on implementation of the Rulebook on fishery products marketing standards developed and approved by the Beneficiary; • At least 1 one day workshop, for at least 50 persons (8 Veterinary Border inspectors and 12 Veterinary inspectors of MAFWM, 27 staff of relevant stakeholders, 3 staff from competent MAFWM departments) on the subject of marketing standards, Study (3.1) and Strategy 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MS PL Final Project Report • Draft Study published on MAFWM's official website • Draft Strategy published on MAFWM's official website • Official MAFWM letter requesting opinions from other relevant institutions (signaling the initiation of the process of Rulebook adoption) • PSC meeting minutes • Workshop evaluation reports 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stakeholders interested to actively participate; • Sufficient commitment of BC administration.

	<p>(3.3) conducted.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Study visit for at least 10 persons from MAFWM to a Mediterranean MS country with view to obtaining relevant up to date knowledge regarding the implementation of marketing standards. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Workshop attendance sheet • Flight tickets 	
<p><u>Result 4</u> <u>Strengthened control of fishery products on the market</u></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • TNA for relevant Veterinary Border inspectors and Veterinary inspectors of MAFWM and relevant stakeholders with view to the implementation of the new Rulebook (3.2); • Training plan for relevant Veterinary Border inspectors and Veterinary inspectors of MAFWM and relevant stakeholders related to their respective roles in the future control system; • At least 1 one day workshop, for at least 40 persons (8 Veterinary Border inspectors and 17 Veterinary inspectors of MAFWM, 18 staff of relevant stakeholders, 2 staff from competent MAFWM departments) on the subject of control methods conducted. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Workshop evaluation reports • Workshop attendance sheet • MS PL Final Project Report including workshop reports 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stakeholders interested to actively participate; • Sufficient commitment of BC administration.
Indicative sub-results		Means and costs	Assumptions
Sub-results related to Result 1			

<p>1.1 To develop the Assessment Study on the situation in sector of Fisheries;</p> <p>1.2 To develop the Strategy for the improvement of national catch certification scheme reporting system;</p> <p>1.3 To develop Training Needs Assessment document for Veterinary Border inspectors and Veterinary inspectors of MAFWM and relevant stakeholders that will take part in the national catch certification;</p> <p>1.4 Study visit for at least 10 persons from MAFWM to a MS country port/harbor town where high volume of catch certification is being conducted, with view to obtaining first hand insight into operational certification scheme and knowledge of the best practice;</p> <p>1.5 To prepare a training plan for relevant Veterinary Border inspectors and Veterinary inspectors of MAFWM and relevant staff of stakeholders on the basis of TNA (Activity 1.3).</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Experts • Workshops • Promotional material <p>Twinning light contract EUR 243.629</p>	
<p>Sub-results related to result 2</p>		
<p>2.1 To conduct at least 1 two day workshop, for at least 40 persons (8 Veterinary Border inspectors and 17 Veterinary inspectors of MAFWM, 11 staff of relevant stakeholders, 4 staff from competent MAFWM departments) explaining the basic principles of national catch certification scheme;</p> <p>2.2 To conduct at least 1 one day workshop, for at least 15 persons (8 representatives of relevant stakeholders, 7 staff from competent MAFWM departments) on the subject of the Strategy for the establishment of national catch certification scheme (Activity 1.2).</p>		
<p>Sub-results related to result 3</p>		
<p>3.1 To develop the Study on implementation of marketing standards;</p> <p>3.2 To draft the Rulebook on fishery products marketing standards;</p>		

<p>3.3 To develop the Strategy on implementation of the Rulebook on fishery products marketing standards;</p> <p>3.4 To conduct at least 1 one day workshop, for at least 50 persons (8 Veterinary Border inspectors and 12 Veterinary inspectors of MAFWM , 27 staff of relevant stakeholders, 3 staff from competent MAFWM departments) on the subject of marketing standards, Study (Activity 3.1) and Strategy (Activity 3.3).</p> <p>3.5 Study visit for at least 10 persons from MAFWM to a Mediterranean MS country with view to obtaining relevant up to date knowledge regarding the implementation of marketing standards.</p>		
<p>Sub-results related to result 4</p>		
<p>4.1 To develop TNA for Veterinary inspectors and relevant stakeholders with view to the implementation of the new Rulebook (Activity 3.2);</p> <p>4.2 To develop the Training plan for Veterinary Border inspectors and Veterinary inspectors of MAFWM and relevant stakeholders related to their respective roles in the future control system;</p> <p>4.3 To conduct at least 1 one day workshop, for at least 40 persons (8 Veterinary Border inspectors and 17 Veterinary inspectors of MAFWM, 18 staff of relevant stakeholders, 2 staff from competent MAFWM departments) on the subject of control methods.</p>		

Annex 2 - Legal Framework

I Adopted legal acts – laws

- Law on Ministries (Official Gazette RS No. 44/14)
- Law on Animal Husbandry (OG RS No 41/09, 93/12 and 14/16)
- Law on Veterinary Matters (OG RS No 91/05, 30/10 and 93/12)
- Law on Food Safety (OG RS No 41/09 and 93/12)

II Adopted legal acts – rulebooks

- Rulebook on the shape and contents of health mark and procedure for marking of food of animal origin (OG RS No 44/07)
- Rulebook on the mode and procedure of official controls on food of animal origin and on the mode of official controls on animals before and after slaughter (OG RS No 99/10)
- Rulebook on labelling, marking and advertising foodstuffs (OG RS No 85/13 and 101/13)
- Rulebook on the quality and other requirements for fish, crustaceans, molluscs, sea urchins, sea cucumbers, frogs, turtles, snails and their products (OG FRY No 6/03)
- Rulebook on International Catch Certificate and the List of Fishery Products that do not require International Catch Certificates (Published in the "Official Gazette of RS", No. 10/17 of February 14 2017).