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TD Lot 1 and Lot 2: Site visit - 24.01.2024



































Project location

Sokobanja - well known spa and tourist resort











Demography and tourism analysis

- Population per Census 2022 7,188
- Total estimated number of beds 14.000
- Beds in hotels -1,300
- Specialized hospitals (Ozren and Sokobanja) 700
- Private accommodation 8.000 categorized + 4.000 non-categorized

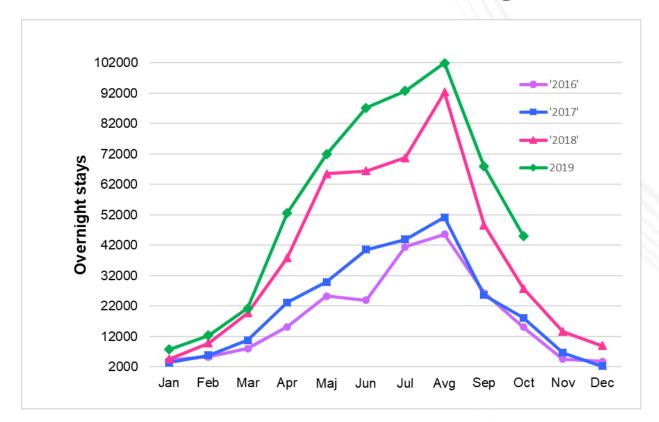


Table 8. Overnight stays in Sokobanja

Overnight stays 2019	
Reported tourists	600,000
Non-reported tourists*	200,000
Patients in specialized hospitals*	160,000
Total	960,000

^{*} Estimate

WWTP design parameters

Parameter	Unit	Winter	Summer
Population	P.E.	7,500	7,500
Tourism/commercial/institutional	P.E.	2,500	14,500
Total Population equivalents	P.E.	10,000	22,000

Parameter	Unit	Winter	Summer
Average daily dry weather flow	m³/d	4,520	6,421
Peak dry weather flow	m³/h	293	432
	1/s	81	120
Peak wet weather flow (for treatment)	m³/h	432	673
	1/s	120	187
Extraordinary peak wet weather flow	1/s	510	510







Mass balance: sampling campaign 23.08-30.08.2019

Table 3. Minimum and maximum daily pollution load at sampling points (23 - 30.08.2019)

Parameter	SP1 – WWTP inlet		SP2 -	Carina
	Min	Max	Min	Max
Daily flow, L/s	49.1	62.0	4.9	5.8
PE (COD)	10,060	18,843	1,133	1,404
PE (BOD)	9,106	21,534	771	1,340

Table 4. Average daily pollution load in Sokobanja (23 – 30.08.2019)

Parameter	SP1 WWTP inlet	SP2 Carina	SP1 + SP2 Total <u>Sokobania</u>
Average daily flow, L/s	55.9	5.44	61.29
PE (COD)	13,400	1,256	14,657
PE (BOD)	12,619	1,034	13,653







Effluent requirements

Parameter	Unit	Winter	Summer
Design capacity	P.E. ³	10,000	22,000
Treatment level		Tertiary	Tertiary
BOD₅ (20°C, test with nitrification inhibitor)	mg O ₂ /1	25	25
COD	mg O ₂ /1	125	125
TSS	mg/l	35	35
Total Phosphorous	mg/l	2	2
Total Nitrogen	mg/l	15	15

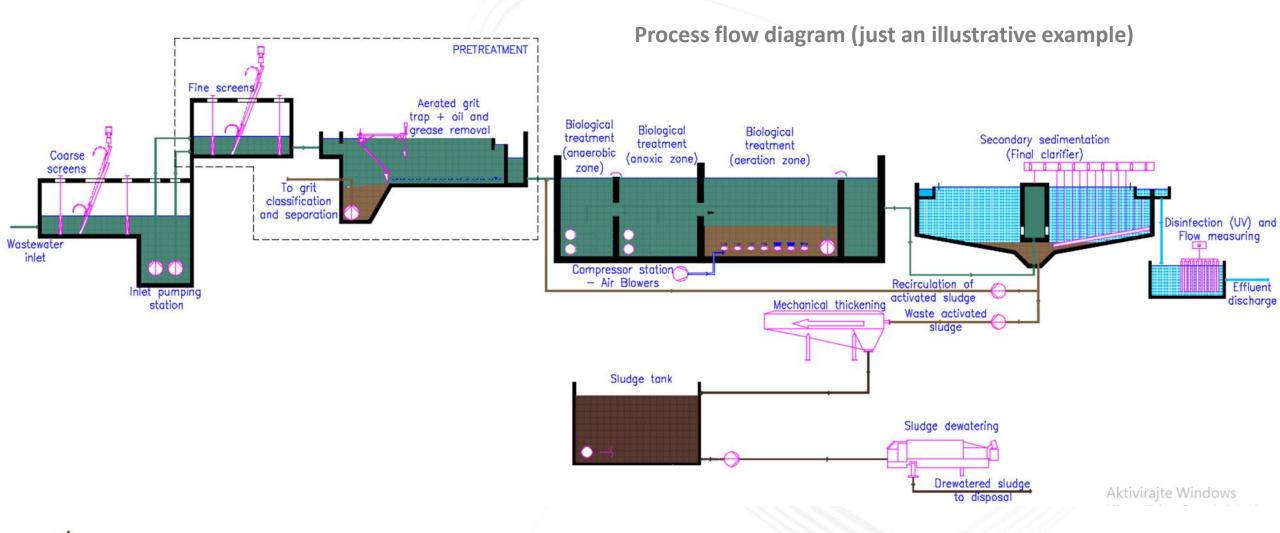
Parameter	Unit	Value
Total coliforms	cfu/100 m1	10,000
Faecal coliforms	cfu/100 m1	2,000
Faecal streptococci	cfu/100 m1	400







Process based on activated sludge - Extended Aeration









WWTP Location

- Plot no. 1821/1
- A = 2,09 ha
- Recipent body: Gradašnica by reconstruction of the existing outlet structure.
- Road connection: from local road on parcels no. 1799/5 and 1799/4.
- Administrative building planned for reconstruction.
- Pond on the plot is not in the scope of project.







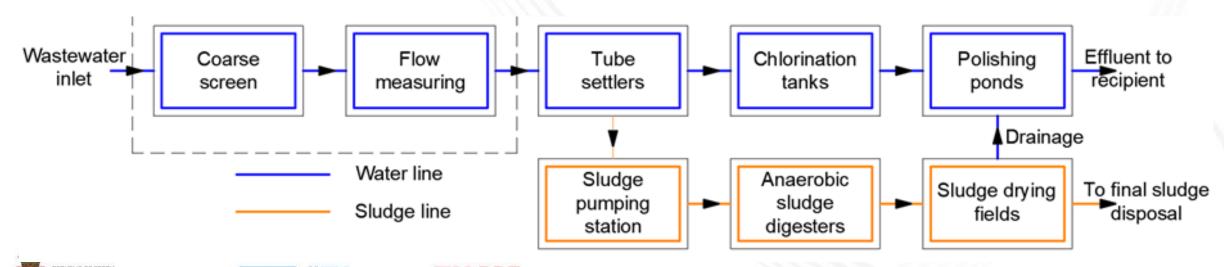


Existing WWTP

- Plant constructed in 1970s
- Wastewater treatment principle is outdated
- Treatment effect is minor
- Concrete structures are damaged and in bad condition













Priority Investments for Upgrade of Sewer System- Planned Measures

Priority measures are required for the Sokobanja sewer system due to:

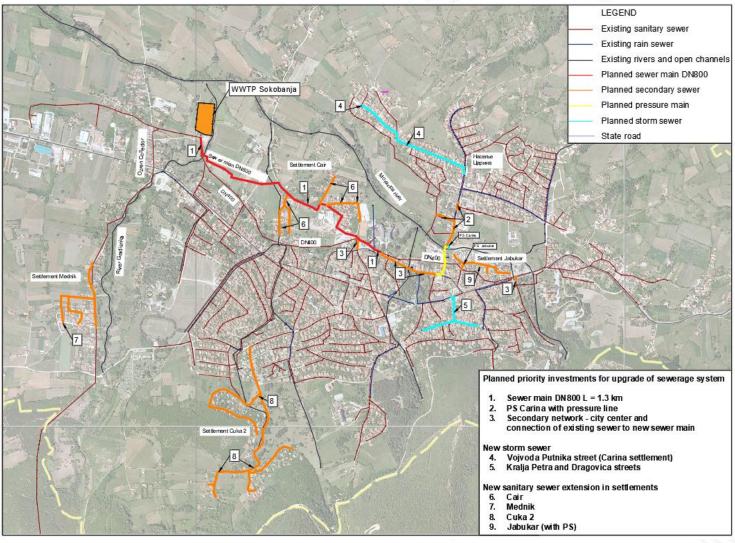
- 1. Operation problems (existing PS Carina not in function, main sewer DN400 with insufficient capacity, bottlenecks in the system)
- 2. Undeveloped network
- 1. Priority measures for enabling efficient operation of the wastewater collection system:
- Construction of a new main trunk DN800 L = 1.3 km with connection pipes;
- New wastewater PS Carina with pressure line;
- Reconstruction of bottlenecks in the system;
- 2. Priority measures for extension of the secondary sanitary sewer and storm water network:
- Construction of the sanitary wastewater collection network in settlements Čair, Mednik, Čuka2 and Jabukar;
- Construction of the storm sewer network in Vojvode Putnika, Kralja Petra and Dragovica streets.







Priority Investments for Upgrade of Sewer System-Layout



- 1. Sewer main DN800 L = 1.3 km
- 2. Two prefabricated sewer PS with pressure lines L= 0.25 km
- 3. Secondary sanitary sewer
- $(L = 5.1 \text{ km DN } \le 400 \text{mm})$
- 4. Storm sewer
- $(L = 1.1 \text{ km, DN} \le 400 \text{mm})$







Thank you for your attention!





